
















Plants – Year 1

Different types of trees and plants	
oak 	horse chestnut 
cherry 	hawthorn 
ash 	sycamore 
hazel 	holly 
rose 	daffodil 
daisy 	tulip 
buttercup 	dandelion 

Key vocabulary	
leaf	These are flat, thin and usually green.
flower	The part of a plant that is often brightly coloured.
petal	Thin, brightly coloured or white part of the flower.
fruit	Fleshy part of a plant that contains seeds or a stone.
root	The part of the plant that grows under the ground.
seed	Small part of a flowering plant that grows into a new plant.
trunk	Large main stem of a tree.
branch	Part of a tree that grows out from the trunk.
stem	The upright main stalk of a plant.
bark	The outer covering of a tree trunk.

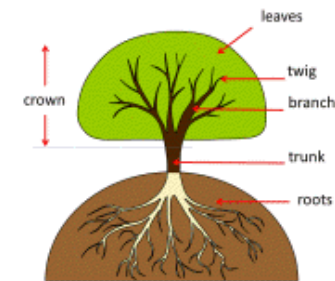
Significant scientist	
Wangari Maathai (1940-2011) 	Wangari Maathai was a Kenyan environmentalist who began a movement to plant trees and re-forest her country. She was the first African woman to win a Nobel Peace Prize.

Deciduous and evergreen trees



Deciduous trees lose their leaves in the autumn every year.

Evergreen trees have green leaves all year round.



Main parts of a tree

Main parts of a plant

