

Curriculum Map Year 8 MATHEMATICS

Topic Name	Term	Skills developed with link to NC Subject content	Reflection on previous link in the curriculum	Progress to future link in the curriculum
Sequences	<i>Autumn HT1</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generating terms of a linear sequences. • Generating terms of a non-linear sequences. • Identifying different types of linear and non-linear sequences. • Finding a given term in a linear sequence. • Developing a rule for finding a term in a linear sequence. • Generalising the position to term rule for a linear sequence (nth term) 	<i>Year 7: Expressions, equations and sequences (This is explicitly reviewed at the start of the half term)</i>	<i>GCSE: nth term of non-linear sequences</i>
Forming and Solving Equations	<i>Autumn HT1</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classifying expressions, equations, inequalities and identities. • Deriving equations from different contexts. • Solving linear equations with an unknown on one side. • Solving linear equations with an unknown on both sides. • Solving equations involving fractional terms and brackets • Interpreting the solution to an equation based on the context from which it is derived 	<i>Year 7: Expressions, equations and sequences (This is explicitly reviewed at the start of the half term)</i>	<i>GCSE: Solving simultaneous equations.</i>
Forming and Solving Inequalities	<i>Autumn HT1</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interpreting relationships expressed as inequalities (revise from year 7) • Deriving inequalities from contexts • Forming and solving inequalities with unknown on one side • Forming and solving inequalities with an unknown on both sides • Representing a solution on a number line 	<i>Year 8: Forming and Solving Equations</i>	<i>GCSE: Graphing inequalities.</i>
Linear Graphs	<i>Autumn HT2</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the equations of horizontal and vertical lines (from year 7) • Plot coordinates from a rule to generate a straight line • Develop a rule into an algebraic representation • Develop concept of gradient using graphs of the form $y = ax$ progressing to equations of the form $y = ax + b$ • Identify key features of a linear graph including the y-intercept and the gradient • Make links between the graphical and the algebraic representation of a linear graph • Recognise different algebraic representations of a linear graph • Identify parallel lines from algebraic representations 	<i>Year 7: Co-ordinates (This work is explicitly reviewed at the start of the topic)</i>	<i>GCSE Non-Linear Graphs.</i>
Transforming 2D Figures	<i>Autumn HT2</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Translation, rotation and reflection of an objects on a cartesian plane • Enlargement by a positive scale factor 	<i>Year 4: Symmetrical figures</i>	<i>GCSE: Transformations: Combined transformations, invariance and negative scale factor.</i>
Ratio, real life graphs and rates of change	<i>Spring HT3</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use ratio notation to describe a multiplicative relationship between two quantities (revise from year 7) • Solve problems involving ratios (revise from year 7) • Explore ratios in different contexts including speed and other rates of change • Contrast ratio relationships involving discrete and continuous measures • Use speed and other rates of change to draw and interpret graphical representations • Explore density and concentration as other contexts for proportional relationships 	<i>Year 7: Equivalent Ratios and Dividing Using Ratio</i>	<i>GCSE: Ratio and Proportion</i>
Percentage Review	<i>Spring HT3</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equivalence to fractions and decimal fractions • Percentage of an amount • Percentage increase and decrease • Finding the original amount • Using percentages, fractions and decimals in different contexts including probability 	<i>Year 7: Percentages</i>	<i>GCSE Compound interest and Reverse percentages.</i>
Accuracy and estimation	<i>Spring HT3</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Round numbers to a required number of decimal places • Round numbers to a required number of significant figures • Identify rounding errors • Estimate quantities in a variety of contexts including area and perimeter • Identify and reason if an estimate is an over or under-estimate 	<i>Year 6: Rounding</i>	<i>GCSE: Limits of accuracy and upper and lower bounds.</i>

Univariate Data	<i>Spring HT4</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Find the mean, median mode and range from raw datasets • Use the mean, median and mode to compare data sets • Use an average plus the range to compare datasets • Find the mode, median and mean from tables and graphical representations (not grouped) • Explore methods of data collection including surveys, questionnaires and the use of secondary data • Appreciate the difference between discrete and continuous data • Classify and tabulate data • Conduct statistical investigations using collected data 	<i>Year 6: Calculating the mean</i>	<i>GCSE Averages from frequency tables, Cumulative frequency and box plot. Histograms</i>
Bivariate Data	<i>Spring HT4</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construct scatter graphs • Examine clusters and outliers • Analyse the shape, strength and direction to make conjectures for possible bivariate relationships • Using range, mean, median and mode to investigate the characteristics of data and to compare to sets of data • Use a scatter graph to plot a line of best fit • Use a line of best fit to interpolate and extrapolate inferences 	<i>Year 8: Univariate data</i>	<i>GCSE: Comparing data- median, quartiles and interquartile range</i>
Angles in Polygons	<i>Summer HT5</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Know the sum of interior angles of a triangle and use to solve angle problems (revise from Year 7) • Explore methods for finding the sum of the interior angles of polygons • Generalise different methods for finding the sum of interior and define the sum of the exterior angles of a polygon • Use the sum of the interior and exterior angles of a polygon to solve problems 	<i>Year 7: Angles (This work is explicitly reviewed at the start of this unit)</i>	<i>GCSE: Circle Theorems</i>
Circles and Composite Shapes	<i>Summer HT5</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore relationship between circumference and diameter/radius • Formula for circumference • Explore relationship between area and radius • Formula for area of a circle • Area and circumference of a semi-circle and other sectors • Area and perimeter of composite shapes involving sectors of circles 	<i>Year 7: Area and Perimeter</i>	<i>GCSE: Area sector, arc length GCSE: Volume of a cylinder</i>
Volume and Surface Area of Prisms	<i>Summer HT6</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Naming prisms, nets of prisms and using language associated with 3-D shapes • Finding the volume and surface area of cuboids • Finding the volume and surface area of other prisms including cylinders Finding the volume and surface area of composite solids • Solving equations and rearranging formulae • Convert between different units of area and volume 	<i>Year 7: Area and Perimeter</i>	<i>GCSE: Volume and Surface Area of spheres, cones and pyramids.</i>