Curriculum Map Year 10 PE

Topic Name	Term	Skills developed with link to NC Subject content	Reflection on previous link in the curriculum	Pr
Health, fitness and wellbeing Show understanding of knowledge gained (AO1)	Autumn HT1	 The effects of exercise on physical, mental and social wellbeing The consequences of a sedentary lifestyle Obesity Somatotypes 	Curriculum Students should be able to apply their own practical experience in sport from KS3 to the benefits of exercise	Linl
The structure and functions of the skeletal system Apply knowledge to sporting examples	Autumn HT1	 Bones Structure and functions of the skeleton Structure of a synovial joint Types of synovial joints Types of movement at different joints Muscles of the body How major muscle groups cause movement at joints 	Students should have knowledge of a wide range of sports and movements within those sports from KS3 to be able to apply to types of movement	Linl
Health, fitness and wellbeing (continued) Understand command words	Autumn HT2	 Energy use Reasons for having a balanced diet The role of major food groups Reasons for maintaining water balance 		Linl
The structure and function of the cardio-respiratory system Analyse and evaluate graphs	Autumn HT2	 The pathway of air Gaseous exchange Mechanics of breathing Interpretation of a spirometer tracing 	Students should be able to apply their own practical experience in sport from KS3 to changes in breathing during exercise and be able to use this to analyse a spirometer tracing	Linl
Physical training Methods for collecting data	Spring HT3	 The relationship between health and fitness The components of fitness Reasons for and limitations of fitness testing Use of data Measuring the components of fitness 	Students should have some knowledge of different components of fitness from KS3 practical lessons	Linl
The structure and function of the cardio-respiratory system (continued) Presenting data and evaluation of graphs	Spring HT3	 Blood vessels Structure of the heart Pathway of blood and the cardiac cycle Cardiac output, heart rate and stroke volume 	Students should be able to apply their own practical experience in sport from KS3 to changes in heart rate during exercise and be able to use this to analyse a graph	Linl
Physical training (continued) Understand how to optimise training benefits	Spring HT4	 The principles of training Types of training and their advantages and disadvantages Optimising training Prevention of injury during training 		Lin
Anaerobic and aerobic exercise	Spring HT4	 Aerobic and anaerobic exercise EPOC – Excess Post-Exercise Oxygen Consumption The recovery process The effects of exercise 	Students should be able to apply their own practical experience in sport from KS3 to the effects of exercise	Linl

Progre	ess to future link in the ulum
inks to	A Level curriculum which include:
•	Benefits of raising participation
• •	A Level curriculum which includes: Joint actions in three planes and axes Types of joint, articulating bones, main agonists and antagonists, types of muscle contraction
inks to	A Level curriculum which include:
•	Understand the exercise-related function of food classes
inks to	A Level curriculum which includes:
•	Lung volumes
•	Gas exchange
inks to	A Level curriculum which includes:
•	Understanding of the key terms relating to laboratory conditions and field tests
inks to	A Level curriculum which includes:
•	The hormonal, neural and chemical
	regulation of responses during physical activity and sport
inks to	A Level curriculum which includes:
•	Impact of specialist training methods on
	energy systems
٠	Principles of training
•	Training methods to improve physical fitness and health
•	Types of injury
٠	Understanding different methods used
	in injury prevention, rehabilitation and recovery.
inks to	A Level curriculum which includes:
•	Energy transfer in the body
•	Physiological reasons for methods used
	in injury rehabilitation

Understand factors that underpin performance in sport				
Physical training (continued) Link theoretical content in extended response questions	Summer HT5	 Specific training types – altitude training Seasonal aspects Warming up and cooling down 	Warming up and cooling down is covered in KS3 as part of practical lessons	Lin
NEA performance analysis assessment – analysis Analyse sporting performance	Summer HT5	 Identification of chosen sport Identification of two strengths – one fitness related and one skill Identification of two weaknesses – one fitness related and one skill Justification of strengths and weaknesses and their impact on a recent competitive performance 	Students likely to choose a sport and a skill that has been covered in the KS3 curriculum	Lin
NEA performance analysis assessment – evaluation Evaluate how improvements can be made to sporting performance	Summer HT6	 Identification of an appropriate training type to improve the fitness weakness Description of one training session that provides an example of what could be used for the performer Explanation of how prolonged use of the identified training type could improve the fitness weakness Identification of one other relevant part of the specification (not another training type) which, when applied, could bring about improvement in the weakness Explanation of how the additional specification content selected could lead to improvement of the identified weakness. 	Students likely to choose a sport and a skill that has been covered in the KS3 curriculum	Lin
Mock exam preparation	Summer HT6	 Understanding command words Analysis of AO1, AO2 and AO3 questions Recapping content from HT1 to HT5 		

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- Physiological effects and benefits of a warm up and cool down
- Impact of specialist training methods on energy systems
- Application of principles of periodisation

Links to A Level curriculum which includes:

• NEA performance analysis assessment - analysis of two weaknesses

Links to A Level curriculum which includes:

• NEA performance analysis assessment - evaluation of two weaknesses